



Y5 Thinking like a theologian

Key Terms and definitions

10 Commandment: rules given to Moses in the desert when he led the Israelites out of Egypt.

Gifts of the Spirit: The gifts are: Wisdom, Understanding, Counsel, Fortitude, Knowledge, Piety, and Fear of the Lord

Prayer: the act of talking to God which can take a formal format such as saying the Lord's Prayer or can be more ad-hoc as the Christian feels is appropriate.

The Lord's Prayer: also known as the Our Father, how Jesus taught the disciples to pray.

History/Context

Some people in the history of Christianity have chosen to show their commitment with their whole lives and take their love of their neighbour as their whole reason for living. The example of Mother Teresa is given in the planning.

Mother Teresa was canonized as a saint on September 4, 2016, a day before the 19th anniversary of her death, i.e. the Church recognised the extraordinary sacrifice and gift that she made of her life by spending it healing lepers, thus showing her love of her neighbour.

Jesus' commandments to love God and love your neighbour. Jesus did not change or discard the original 10 Commandments. His teaching made it easier to understand that in essence the first 3 Commandments are about loving God and the other 7 are about loving your neighbour
Many Christians will choose to be confirmed (received into the

Learning Questions

How do Christians show commitment to God?

How do the 10 commandments allow Christians to show commitment to God?

How does 'love your neighbour as yourself' inspire Christians to behave?

Why is prayer and worship important for Christians?

Which acts of commitment are more significant and why?

How might others show commitment to something they believe in?

