



Y5 Sikhism

Are Sikh stories important today?

Traditional Sikh stories:

- 1) Guru Nanak and the Jasmine Flower
- 2) Bhai Lalo and Malik Bhago
- 3) Vaisakhi
- 4) Guru Nanak and the Cobra



Core Knowledge:

The tenth Guru, Guru Gobind Singh, said that there would be no other living Gurus after him so Sikhs should look to their holy scriptures for guidance instead. The Guru Granth Sahib is treated as the living Guru of the Sikhs. It contains poems and hymns about the nature of God. It stresses the importance of meditation as well as laying down guidance on ethics and morality. Uniquely it contains writings from people of other faiths too as it recognises that wisdom can come from many different places.

Links to other aspects of belief:

Treating all people equally - respect for people of other faiths

How do Sikhs show equality?

Key vocabulary

Traditional tale: a story that's been told and repeated for many years until it becomes well-known and embedded in the culture.

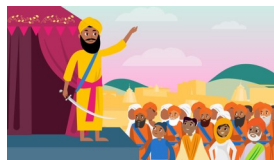
Guru: Teacher or guide

Guru Nanak: founder of Sikhism

Guru Granth Sahib:
Holy book

Chauri: fan

Vaisakhi: Sikh spring festival



Learning Questions

Can I share a favourite story?

Do I recall some Sikh stories?

Can I retell some Sikh stories?

Have I enjoyed learning some Sikh stories?

What else can I think about?

What can I learn from these stories?

If I am not a Sikh can I use these messages in my own life?

How are these stories relevant today to Sikhs?